Network Physiology aspects of diabetic kidney disease

Olga Sosnovtseva Associate Professor

UNIVERSITY OF COPENHAGEN

COMFORTING TRUTH

Drink or not drink

What is the reason most people dye during a marathon?

Should you drink 2-3 I of water per day?

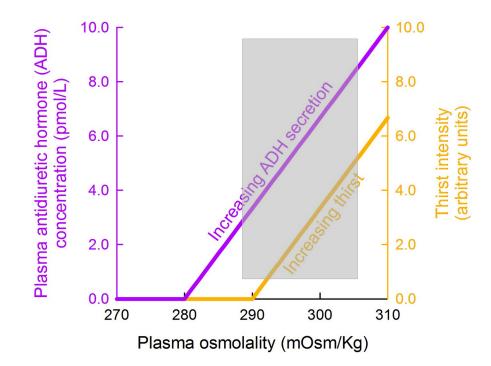
Should I drink alkaline water to ensure right pH?

Drink or not drink

Daily problems

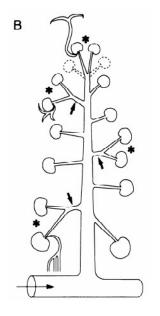
Decreased pressure/volume Water-salt imbalance Increased pressure Decreased blood oxygen Kidney provides solutions

Renin \rightarrow Ang II and aldosterone Antidiuetic hormone Autoregulation Erythropoeitin

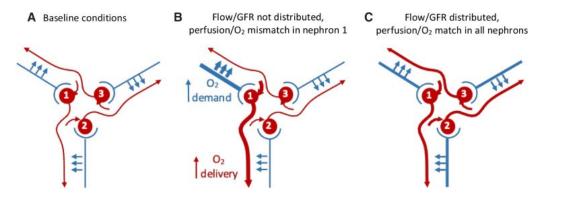


OPTIMAL VASCULAR DESIGN

Renal microcirculation



About 50% are organized as arteriolar pairs/triplets. This may enhance the efficiensy of autoregulation and possibly renin production.

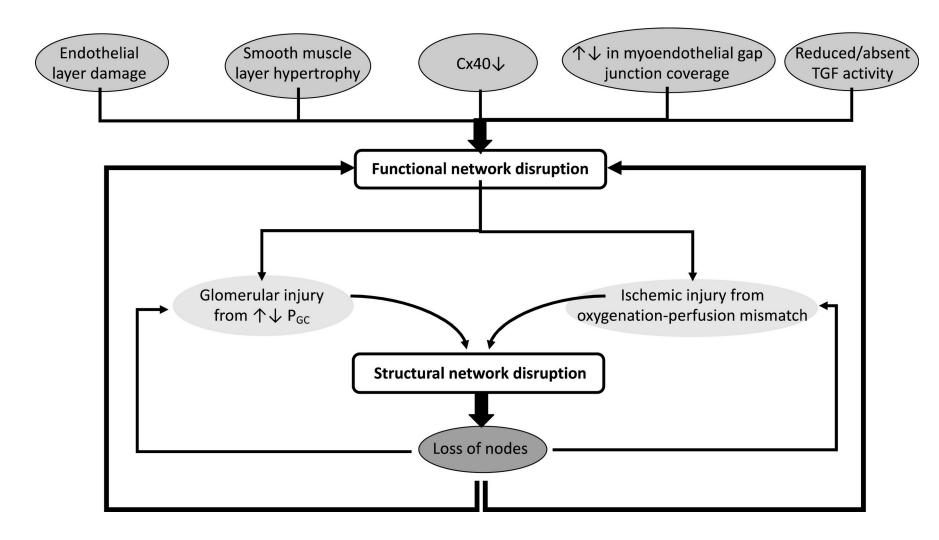


Post-glomerular blood flow from 90 % of glomeruli perfuse other nephrons, not the same nephron?

D. Caselas, Am. J. Physiol. 267 1994

T. Zehra et al. JASN 32: 1293-1304, 2021

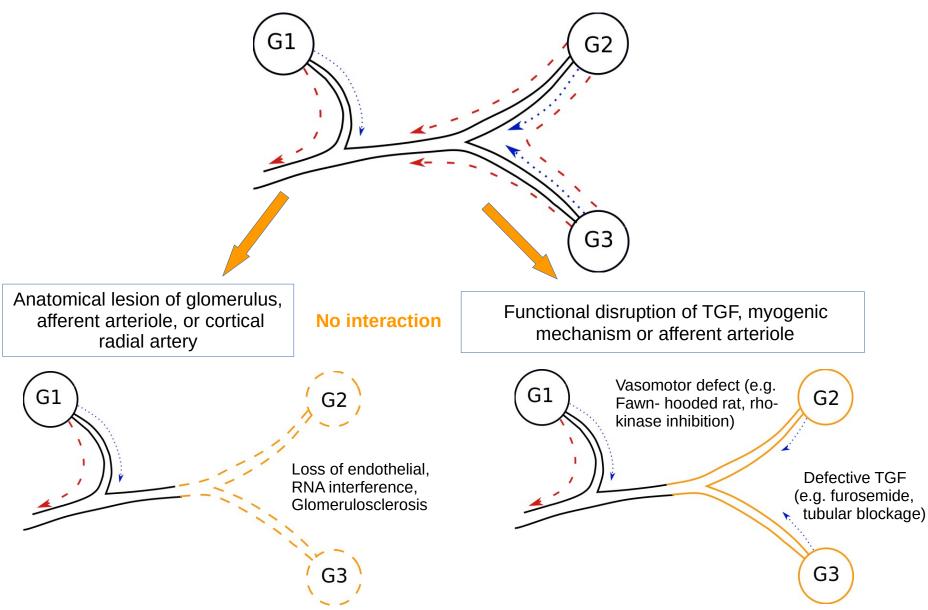
Structure vs function



T. Zehra et al. JASN 32: 1293–1304 , 2021.

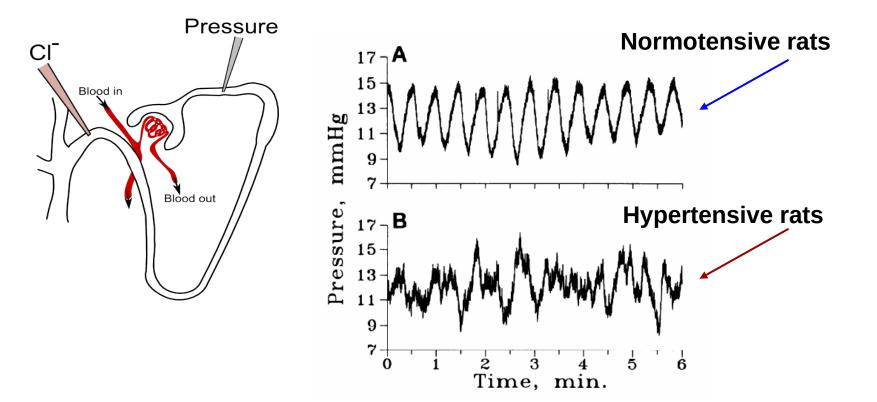


Disruption of microcirculation



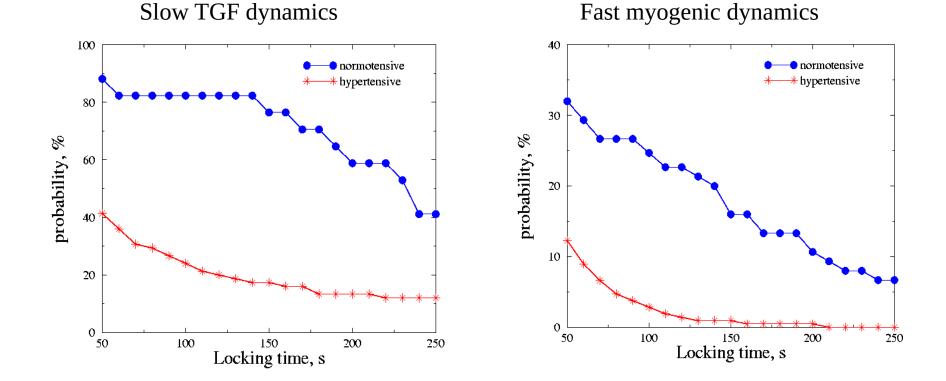
KIDNEY WONDERLAND

Chronical hypertension



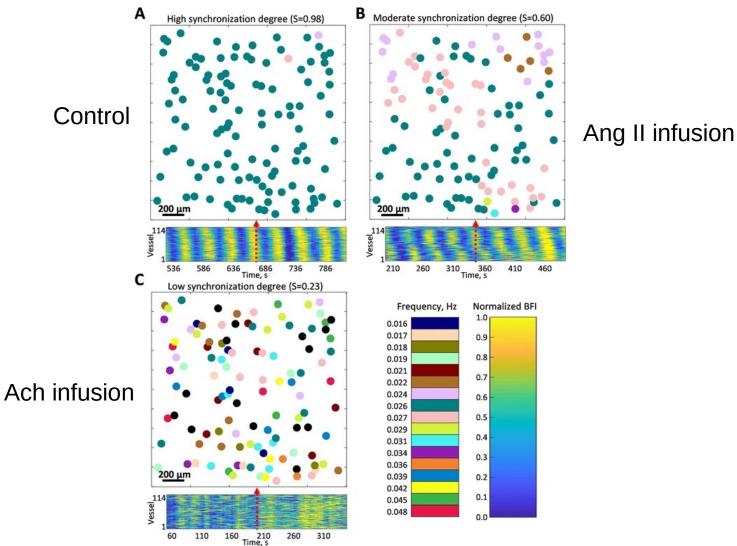
Physiol. Reviews 74, 1994.

Chronical hypertension



Sosnovtseva et al. Am. J.Physiol, 2007

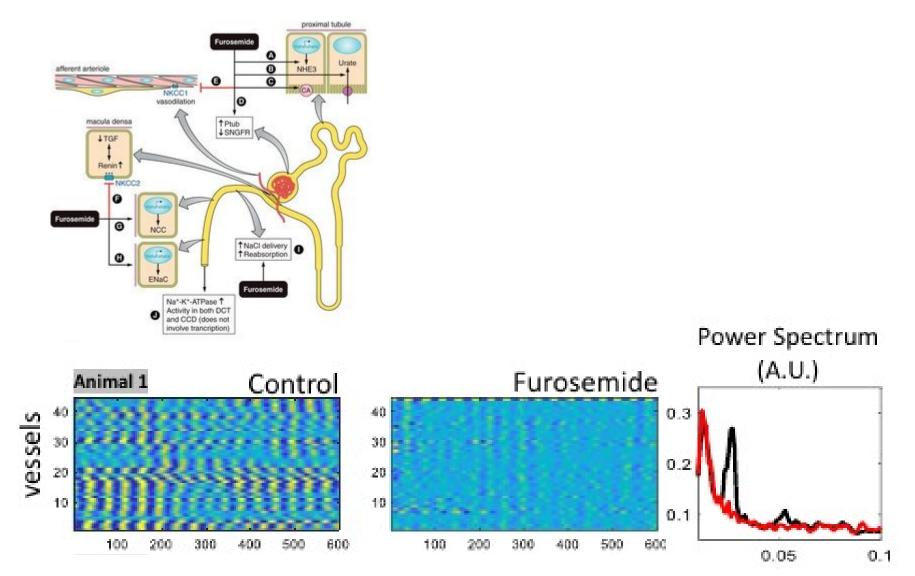
Acute hypertension



Postnov et al., eLife 11 (2022)

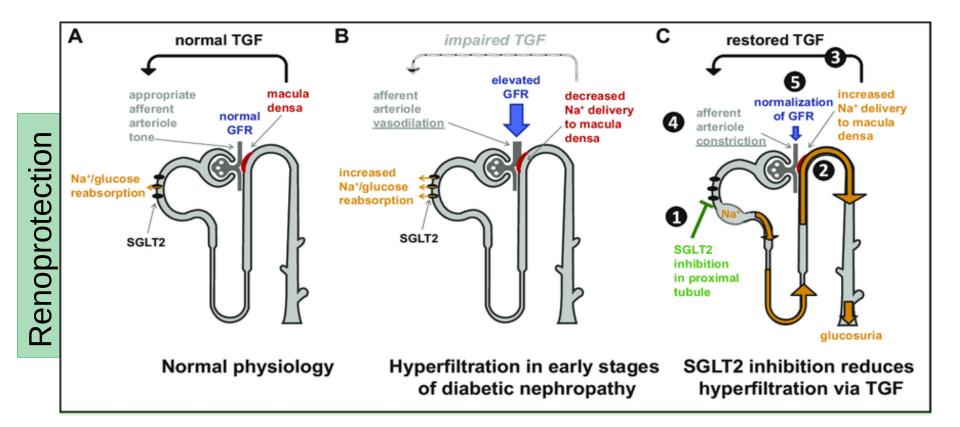


Na/K/2Cl transporters blockade

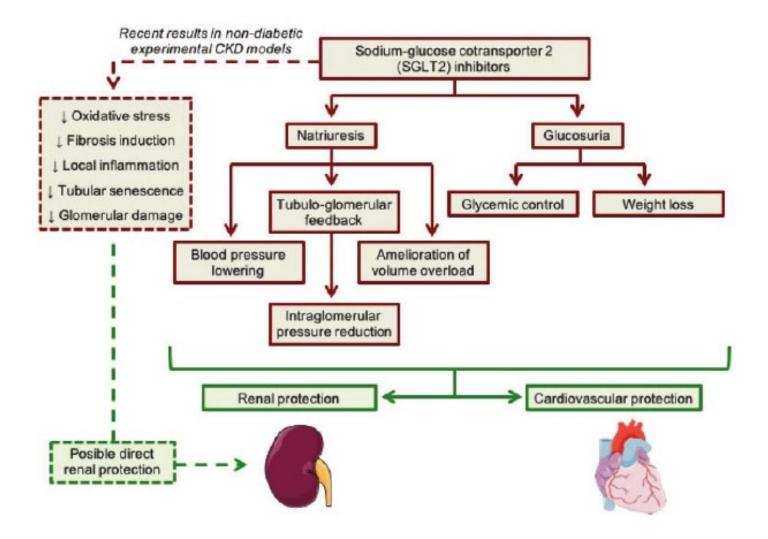


X. Huang et al. AJP 310 (2016)

Diabetic nephropathy

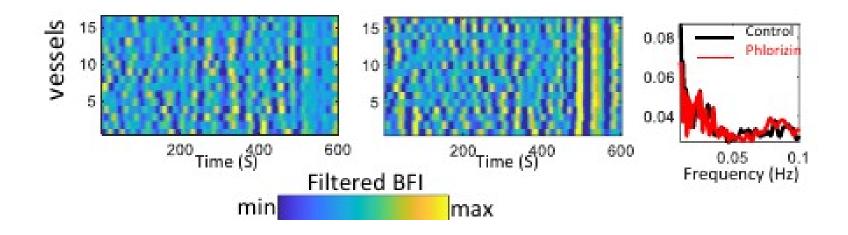


Renoprotection

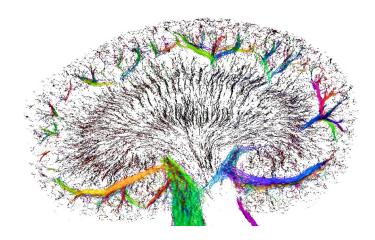




SGLT transporters blockade



Open questions



- What is the microvascular effect of SGLT2 inhibitors with impaired and strong TGF?
- Does cooperative dynamics of all nephrons play a renoprotective role?
- What are the new targets to slow down diabetic nephropaty?